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10/807,488	03/23/2004	Ronald P. Swanson	58696US002	3060
32692 7590 10/31/2007 3M INNOVATIVE PROPERTIES COMPANY PO BOX 33427			EXAMINER	
			WOLLSCHLAGER, JEFFREY MICHAEL	
ST. PAUL, MN 55133-3427		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1791	<u> </u>
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/31/2007	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/807,488	SWANSON, RONALD P.		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Jeff Wollschlager	1791		
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	l. lely filed the mailing date of this communication.		
Status				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07 Au</u> 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro			
Disposition of Claims				
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-23 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-15 and 21-23 is/are 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 16-20 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	withdrawn from consideration.			
Application Papers		•		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11.	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	4)	ate		
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:			

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

Applicant's amendment to the claims filed August 7, 2007 has been entered. Claim 16 is currently amended. Claims 1-15 and 21-23 remain withdrawn from further consideration.

Claims 16-20 are currently under examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 16, 17, 19 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shimoda et al. (U.S. 6,362,020) in view of Keck (US 3,890,547) and Akira (U.S. 4,952,281).

Regarding claim 16, Shimoda et al. teach a method of removing the curl from a web/substrate in a roll ((262), (901)) system by inducing a plastic deformation/strain in the web/substrate with a roller type curl corrector (Abstract; Figures 7 and 9; col. 3, lines 16-30) wherein the web path is such that only one surface of the web/substrate is contacted by the rollers over the entire web path (Figure 7). The rolls shown in Figure 7 would co-rotate, clockwise, based on the travel direction of the web/substrate. Shimoda et al. further disclose controlling the spacing between the rollers, thereby controlling the radius of the web through the moving web path (Figure 7 element (703); col. 7, lines 1-18).

Shimoda do not expressly disclose measuring the distance that the radiused section of the web extends into the third portion of the web path with a sensor to determine a measured

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position and/or radius of the radiused section and creating a signal based on the measured position and/or the radius to control the radius based on the signal. Further, while Shimoda et al. disclose processing rolls of material, as opposed to individual sheets of material, which under one very reasonable interpretation meets the art recognized meaning of the term "indeterminate length", Shimoda et al. do not expressly disclose processing a web of actual indeterminate length.

However, Keck teaches a method of measuring the distance that the radiused section of the web extends into a web path with a sensor to determine a measured position of the radiused section, creating a signal based on the measured position and controlling the speed of the rollers to ensure the web of material remains within the desired position (Abstract; Figure 1; col. 2, lines 29-57; col. 4, lines 16-64).

Therefore it would have been *prima facie* obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the claimed invention to have employed the speed control device disclosed by Keck in the method disclosed by Shimoda et al. for the purpose of ensuring Shimoda et al.'s web of material did not either drop out of the bottom of the roller device or rise out of the top of the roller device.

The examiner notes that by employing the device and method of Keck in the device and method of Shimoda et al. at the suggested location (i.e. at the bottom of the sagging portion of the web) that the radius of Shimoda et al.'s web is intrinsically controlled by ensuring that the web remains within the confines of Shimoda et al.'s roller device.

Additionally, Akira discloses a method of controlling the wrap angle/radius of a sheet with a controller wherein a splicing mechanism is employed to provide for a continuous operation (Abstract; Figure 2 (12)).

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Accordingly, it would have been *prima facie* obvious to one having ordinary skill at the time of the claimed invention to have employed a splicing mechanism in the method of Shimoda et al., as suggested by Akira, to splice/connect the rolls employed by Shimoda et al. in order to achieve a more productive and continuous operation.

As to claim 17, Shimoda et al. disclose rollers (Figure 7).

As to claims 19 and 20, Akira suggests controlling the wrap angle/radius as a function of the diameter of the roll of the web (col. 5, lines 40-47; Abstract).

Claim 18 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shimoda et al. (U.S. 6,362,020) in view of Keck (US 3,890,547) and Akira (U.S. 4,952,281), as applied to claims 16, 17, 19 and 20 above, and further in view of either of Crowley et al. (U.S. 6,626,343) or Calvert (U.S. 6,820,671).

As to claim 18, the method of claim 16 is disclosed by the prior art as set forth above. Further it is noted that Shimoda et al employ a plurality of closely spaced rollers. However, Shimoda et al. do not disclose employment of a belt as the co-rotating members. However each of Crowley et al. (col. 18, lines 16-21) and Calvert (col. 4, line 62- col. 5, line 2) individually disclose the art recognized equivalence and interchangeability of belts and rollers.

Therefore it would have been *prima facie* obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the claimed invention to have modified the plurality of closely spaced rollers disclosed by Shimoda et al. with a belt as suggested by either of Crowley et al. or Calvert since both Crowley and Calvert suggest that rollers and belts are art recognized interchangeable and equivalent alternatives.

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Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed August 7, 2007 have been fully considered, but are moot in view of the new grounds of rejection.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jeff Wollschlager whose telephone number is 571-272-8937. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday 7:00 - 4:45, alternating Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christina Johnson can be reached on 571-272-1176. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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Jeff Wollschlager Examiner Art Unit 1791

October 22, 2007

CHRISTINA JOHNSON SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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